

## HYDROLOGY EXAM SHEET

Change in storage:  $\Delta S = V_{in} - V_{out}$

Watershed slope:  $S = \Delta E/H$       Drainage density:  $D = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N L_i}{A}$       Bifurcation ratio:  $\frac{N_i}{N_{i+1}} = R_n$

Law of stream number:  $N_i = R_n^{K-i}$       Law of stream length:  $L_i = L_1 R_L^{i-1}$

The expected value (average):  $\bar{x} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$       Variance:  $V = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2$

Standard deviation  $S = \sqrt{V}$

Weibull plotting position:  $P(X \leq x) = \frac{m}{n+1}$       Exceedance probability  $P(X > x) = 1 - P(X \leq x)$

Return period:  $T = \frac{1}{P(X > x)}$

Gumbel distribution (extreme value distribution):  $P(X \leq x) = \exp\left[-\exp\left(-\left[\frac{x-u}{\alpha}\right]\right)\right]$

Distribution parameters  $\alpha = \frac{\sqrt{6} S}{\pi}$       and       $u = \bar{x} - 0.5772 \alpha$

Extreme rainfall depth at duration  $d$  and return period  $T$ :  $x_{d,T} = \bar{x}_d + K_T S_d$

Frequency factor  $K_T = -\frac{\sqrt{6}}{\pi} \left[ 0.5772 + \ln\left(\ln\left[\frac{T}{T-1}\right]\right) \right]$       Rainfall intensity  $i(\text{mm/hr}) = \frac{x_{d,T}}{d}$

Rational method of peak flow ( $\text{m}^3/\text{s}$ ):  $Q = 0.278 C i A$       ( $i$  in  $\text{mm/hr}$ )      ( $A$  in  $\text{km}^2$ )

Time of concentration (minutes):  $t_c = \frac{0.828(L \times n)^{0.467}}{S^{0.235}}$       ( $L$  in  $\text{m}$ )      ( $n$  surface roughness)

Un-gauged site precipitation (point estimation):  $P_{un-gauged} = \frac{\sum P \times W}{\sum W}$        $W = 1/D^2$

Areal precipitation:  $\bar{P} = \frac{\sum P \times A}{\sum A}$

Evaporation rate:  $E_r = \frac{R_n}{l_v \rho} \times k_s \times k_c$        $R_n$ : Solar radiation,  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ .

$l_v \text{ (KJ/kg)} = 2500 - 2.36 T$

Infiltration rate:  $f = f_c + (f_0 - f_c)e^{-kt}$        $f_0$ : initial infiltration,  $f_c$ : equilibrium infiltration

Depression storage:  $D_s = S_c (1 - e^{-P_n/S_c})$        $S_c$ : Storage capacity,  $P_n = \text{total rain} - E_r - f - \text{interception}$ .

Maximum retention storage:  $S = \frac{1000}{CN} - 10$       Excess rain (inches)  $P_e = \frac{(P - 0.2S)^2}{(P + 0.8S)}$

For AMC(I) dry soil:  $CN(I) = \frac{4.2CN(II)}{10 - 0.058CN(II)}$       For AMC(III) wet soil:  $CN(III) = \frac{23CN(II)}{10 + 0.13CN(II)}$

UH convolution equation:  $Q_n = \sum_{m=1}^{n \leq M} P_m U_{n-m+1}$       or       $Q_n = P_1 U_n + P_2 U_{n-1} + P_3 U_{n-2} + \dots + P_n U_1$

$M$ : total # of rainfall pulses,  $P_m$ : excess rainfall depth (cm) at pulse  $m$ ,  $U$ : unit hydrograph value.

$n = N - M + 1$ ,      and  $N$ : total hydrograph time steps.

S-hydrograph from given X-hr UH:  $S(t) = \Delta t_x [U_x(t) + U_x(t - \Delta t_x) + U_x(t - 2\Delta t_x) + U_x(t - 3\Delta t_x) \dots]$

Y-hr UH:  $U_y(t) = \frac{1}{\Delta t_y} [S(t) - S(t - \Delta t_y)]$

Basin lag time (hrs)  $T_L = C_t (L \times L_c)^{0.3}$        $L$  &  $L_c$  in (km)

Duration of excess rainfall (hr)  $D = \frac{T_L}{5.5}$       Adjusted basin lag time (hrs)  $T'_L = T_L + 0.25(D' - D)$

For large basins, UH base time (days)  $T_b = 3 + \frac{T'_L}{8}$       For small basins, UH base time (hrs)  $T_b = 4T'_L$ .

Peak flow  $Q_p = \frac{2.78C_p A}{T'_L}$       Time to peak  $T_p = \frac{D'}{2} + T'_L$

$W50 = 5.87(Q_p / A)^{-1.08}$        $W75 = \frac{W50}{1.75}$

Storage volume of existed reservoir  $\Delta V_1 = \frac{h}{2}(A_1 + A_2)$

Darcy equation  $V = -k \frac{\partial h}{\partial r} = -k s$

Steady flow from the confined aquifer:  $Q = \frac{2\pi k D(h_2 - h_1)}{\ln(r_2 / r_1)}$

Steady flow from the unconfined aquifer:  $Q = \frac{2\pi k (h_2^2 - h_1^2)}{\ln(r_2 / r_1)}$

Hydraulic conductivity  $k_H = \frac{k_1 D_1 + k_2 D_2 + \dots + k_n D_n}{D_1 + D_2 + \dots + D_n}$

$k_V = \frac{d_1 + d_2 + \dots + d_n}{\frac{d_1}{k_1} + \frac{d_2}{k_2} + \dots + \frac{d_n}{k_n}}$

Drop in water table (non-equilibrium analysis)  $s_d = \frac{Q}{4\pi T} \ln\left(\frac{2.25 T t}{r^2 S}\right)$

